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DATE(S) ISSUED:

12/08/2020

SUBJECT:

Multiple Vulnerabilities in Google Android OS Could Allow for Remote Code Execution

OVERVIEW:

Multiple vulnerabilities have been discovered in the Google Android operating system (OS), the most severe of which could allow for remote code execution. Android is an operating system developed by Google for mobile devices, including, but not limited to, smartphones, tablets, and watches. Successful exploitation of the most severe of these vulnerabilities could allow for remote code execution within the context of a privileged process. Depending on the privileges associated with this application, an attacker could then install programs; view, change, or delete data; or create new accounts with full user rights. If this application has been configured to have fewer user rights on the system, exploitation of the most severe of these vulnerabilities could have less impact than if it was configured with administrative rights.

THREAT INTELLIGENCE:

There are currently no reports of these vulnerabilities being exploited in the wild.

SYSTEMS AFFECTED:

Android OS builds utilizing Security Patch Levels issued prior to December 7, 2020

RISK:

Government:

Large and medium government entities: High

Small government entities: High

Businesses:

• Large and medium business entities: High

Small business entities: High

Home users: High

TECHNICAL SUMMARY:

Multiple vulnerabilities have been discovered in Google Android OS, the most severe of which could allow for remote code execution within the context of a privileged process. Details of these vulnerabilities are as follows:

- Multiple vulnerabilities in Framework that could allow for Escalation of Privileges (CVE-2020-0099, CVE-2020-0294, CVE-2020-0440)
- Multiple vulnerabilities in Framework that could allow for Information Disclosure (CVE-2020-0459, CVE-2020-0464, CVE-2020-0467, CVE-2020-0468)
- A vulnerability in Framework that could allow for Denial-of-Service (CVE-2020-0469)
- A vulnerability in Media Framework that could allow for Remote Code Execution (CVE-2020-0458)
- A vulnerability in Media Framework that could allow for Information Disclosure (CVE-2020-0470)
- Multiple vulnerabilities in System that could allow for Information Disclosure (CVE-2020-0460, CVE-2020-0463, CVE-2020-15802)
- Multiple vulnerabilities in Kernel that could allow for Escalation of Privileges (CVE-2020-0444, CVE-2020-0465, CVE-2020-0466)
- Multiple high severity vulnerabilities in Broadcom components (CVE-2020-0016, CVE-2020-0019)
- Multiple high severity vulnerabilities in MediaTek components (CVE-2020-0455, CVE-2020-0456, CVE-2020-0457)
- A critical severity vulnerability in Qualcomm components (CVE-11225)
- Multiple high severity vulnerability in Qualcomm components (CVE-2020-11146, CVE-2020-11167, CVE-2020-11185, CVE-2020-11217)
- Multiple critical severity vulnerabilities in Qualcomm closed-source components (CVE-2020-3685, CVE-2020-3686, CVE-2020-3691, CVE-2020-11136, CVE-2020-11137, CVE-2020-11138, CVE-2020-11140, CVE-2020-11143)
- Multiple high severity vulnerabilities in Qualcomm closed-source components (CVE-2020-11119, CVE-2020-11139, CVE-2020-11144, CVE-2020-11145, CVE-2020-11179, CVE-2020-11197, CVE-2020-11200, CVE-2020-11212, CVE-2020-11213, CVE-2020-11214, CVE-2020-11215, CVE-2020-11216)

Successful exploitation of the most severe of these vulnerabilities could allow for remote code execution within the context of a privileged process. Depending on the privileges associated with this application, an attacker could then install programs; view, change, or delete data; or create new accounts with full user rights. If this application has been configured to have fewer user rights on the system, exploitation of the most severe of these vulnerabilities could have less impact than if it was configured with administrative rights.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

The following actions should be taken:

- Apply appropriate updates by Google Android or mobile carriers to vulnerable systems, immediately after appropriate testing.
- Remind users to only download applications from trusted vendors in the Play Store.
- Remind users not to visit un-trusted websites or follow links provided by unknown or untrusted sources.
- Inform and educate users regarding threats posed by hypertext links contained in emails or attachments, especially from un-trusted sources.

REFERENCES:

Google Android:

https://source.android.com/security/bulletin/2020-12-01#asterisk

CVE:

https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0099 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0294 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0440 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0459 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0464 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0467 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0468 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0469 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0458 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0470 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0460 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0463 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-15802 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0444 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0465 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0466 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0016 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0019 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0455 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0456 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-0457 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11225 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11146 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11167 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11185 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11217 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-3685 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-3686 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-3691 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11136 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11137 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11138 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11140 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11143 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11119 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11139 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11144 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11145 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11179 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11197 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11200 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11212 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11213 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11214 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11215 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-11216

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